AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A communication system, comprising:

a transmitter, the transmitter coupled to receive N parallel bits of data and transmit the N parallel bits of data into K frequency separated channels on a conducting transmission medium, where N and K are integers; and

a receiver coupled to receive data from the K frequency separated channels from the transmission medium and recover the N parallel bits of data.

Claim 2 (Currently amended): The system of Claim 1, wherein the transmitter comprises

a bit allocation circuit that receives the N parallel bits of data and creates K subsets of data bits; and

K modulators, wherein each of the K modulators encodes one of the K subsets of the N parallel bits of data and creates an output signal modulated at a carrier frequency associated with one of the K frequency separated channels; and

an adder that receives the output signal from each of the K modulators and generates a transmit sum signal for transmission on the conducting transmission medium

Claim 3 (Original): The system of Claim 2, wherein at least one of the K modulators includes

a data encoder that receives the one of the K subsets of the N parallel bits of data associated with the at least one of the K modulators and outputs an encoded signal;

a symbol mapper coupled to receive the encoded signal and output a symbol; and

an up-converter coupled to receive symbols from the symbol mapper and generate the output signal,

wherein the up-converter outputs data at the carrier frequency of one of the K frequency separate channels that corresponds with the at least one of the K modulators.

Claim 4 (Original): The system of Claim 3, further including a digital-to-analog converter coupled between the symbol mapper and the up-converter.

Claim 5 (Original): The system of Claim 3, wherein the data encoder is a trellis encoder.

Claim 6 (Original): The system of Claim 3, wherein the symbol mapper is a QAM symbol mapper which maps the encoded output signal into a symbol that includes an in-phase signal and a quadrature signal.

Claim 7 (Original): The system of Claim 4, further including a digital filter coupled between the symbol mapper and the digital-to-analog converter.

Claim 8 (Original): The system of Claim 4, further including a low-pass analog filter coupled between the digital-to-analog converter and the up-converter.

Claim 9 (Original): The system of Claim 6, wherein the up-converter generates a first signal by multiplying the in-phase portion of the complex symbol by a sine function of the carrier frequency, generates a second signal by multiplying the out-of-phase portion of the complex

symbol by a cosine function of the carrier frequency, and summing the first signal with the second signal to generate the output signal.

Claim 10 (Original): The system of Claim 1, wherein the transmission medium is a copper backplane and the transmitter includes a differential output driver.

Claim 11 (Original): The system of Claim 1, wherein the transmission medium is FR4 copper trace and the transmitter includes a differential output driver.

Claim 12 (Canceled).

Claim 13 (Original): The system of Claim 2, wherein a subset of bits at a lower carrier frequency contains fewer bits than a subset of bits associated with a higher carrier frequency.

Claim 14 (Original): The system of Claim 2, wherein each of the K subsets of data bits includes the same number of data bits.

Claim 15 (Currently amended): The system of Claim 2, wherein the receiver comprises:

K demodulators, each of the K demodulators coupled to receive a signal from the conducting transmission medium, the signal being the transmit sum signal transmitted through the conducting transmission medium, and retrieving one of the K subsets of data bits; and

a bit parsing circuit that receives each of the K subsets of data bits from the K demodulators and reconstructs the N data bits transmitted by the transmitter.

Claim 16 (Currently amended): The system of Claim 15, wherein the receiver further includes an input buffer coupled between the K demodulators and the conducting transmission medium.

Claim 17 (Original): The system of Claim 16, wherein the input buffer receives a differential receive sum signal.

Claim 18 (Canceled):

Claim 19 (Currently amended): The system of Claim 15, wherein at least one of the K demodulators comprises:

a down-conversion circuit that receives the signal from the conducting transmission medium and generates a symbol by converting the signal at the carrier frequency appropriate for the one of the K demodulators;

an equalizer circuit coupled to receive the symbol from the down-conversion circuit and create an equalized symbol; and

a decoder which receives the equalized symbol and retrieves the one of the K subsets of bits associated with the at least one of the K demodulators.

Claim 20 (Original): The system of Claim 19, further including an analog-to-digital converter coupled between the down-converter and the equalizer.

Claim 21 (Original): The system of Claim 20, further including an anti-aliasing filter coupled between the down-converter and the analog-to-digital converter.

Claim 22 (Original): The system of Claim 20, further including variable gain amplifiers coupled between the down-converter and the analog-to-digital converter, the variable gain amplifiers being controlled by an automatic gain circuit.

Claim 23 (Original): The system of Claim 19, wherein the symbol includes an in-phase signal and a quadrature signal and the down-converter multiplies the received sum signal by a cosine function to retrieve the in-phase component and by a sine function to retrieve the quadrature component.

Claim 24 (Original): The system of Claim 20, further including an adaptively controlled filter coupled between the digital-to-analog converter and the equalizer.

Claim 25 (Original): The system of Claim 24, further including a phase-rotator coupled between the adaptively controlled filter and the equalizer.

Claim 26 (Original): The system of Claim 19, wherein the equalizer parameters are adaptively chosen.

Claim 27 (Currently amended): A method of communicating between components over a conducting transmission medium, comprising:

separating N bits into K subsets of bits;

encoding each of the K subsets of bits to form encoded subsets of bits;

mapping each of the K encoded subsets of bits onto a symbol set to generate a K symbols representing each of the K subsets of bits;

up-converting each of the K symbols to form an up-converted signal at one of a set of K

carrier frequencies;

summing the up-converted signals representing each of the K subsets of bits to generate a

transmit sum signal; and

coupling the transmit sum signal to the <u>conducting</u> transmission medium.

Claim 28 (Original): The method of Claim 27, wherein symbols transmitted at lower carrier

frequencies represent fewer bits than symbols transmitted at higher carrier frequencies.

Claim 29 (Original): The method of Claim 27, wherein encoding each of the K subsets of bits

includes encoding at least one of the K subsets of bits with a trellis encoder.

Claim 30 (Original): The method of Claim 27, wherein mapping each of the encoded subsets of

bits includes QAM mapping.

Claim 31 (Original): The method of Claim 27, further including converting the K symbols to

analog signals.

Claim 32 (Original): The method of Claim 31, further providing digital filtering prior to

converting the K symbols to analog signals.

Claim 33 (Original): The method of Claim 31, further providing analog filter of the analog

signals.

Claim 34 (Currently amended): The method of Claim 27, further including

  receiving a receive sum signal from the <u>conducting</u> transmission medium<u>, the receive</u> <u>sum signal being the transmit sum signal after transmission through the</u> <u>conducting transmission medium</u>;

  down-converting the received sum signal into a set of K signals;

  equalizing each of the K signals to receive equalized symbols;

  decoding the equalized symbols to reconstruct the K subsets of bits; and

  parsing K subsets of bits into N bits.

Claim 35 (Original): The method of Claim 34, wherein receiving the receive sum signal includes receiving a differential signal from a copper transport medium.

Claim 36 (Canceled).

Claim 37 (Original): The method of Claim 34, wherein down-converting the received sum signal includes receiving a symbol transmitted at a corresponding carrier frequency.

Claim 38 (Original): The method of Claim 34, further including providing automatic gain conversion.

Claim 39 (Original): The method of Claim 34, further including providing analog-to-digital conversion.

Claim 40 (Original): The method of Claim 39, further including anti-aliasing filter prior to analog-to-digital conversion.

Claim 41 (Original): The method of Claim 34, further including providing adaptively controlled filtering for timing recovery.

Claim 42 (Original): The method of Claim 34, wherein the symbols are complex and further providing adaptively controlled phase rotation.

Claim 43 (Original): The method of Claim 34, wherein decoding the equalized symbols includes trellis decoding and QAM decoding.

Claim 44 (Currently amended): A system for communication between components, comprising:

    means for allocating N bits of input data into K subsets;

    means for encoding each of the K subsets; and

    means for transmitting each of the K subsets into one of K channels on a conducting transmission medium.

Claim 45 (Currently amended): The system of Claim 44, further comprising:

    means for receiving data from the K channels;

    means for correcting the data for intersymbol interference;

    means for retrieving the K subsets; and

    means for retrieving the N data bits.

Claim 46 (Currently amended): A transceiver chip, comprising:

a transmitter portion, the transmitter portion coupled to receive N parallel bits of

data and transmit the N parallel bits of data into a first set of K frequency separated

channels on a <u>conducting</u> transmission medium, where N and K are integers; and

a receiver portion coupled <u>to</u> receive data from a second set of K frequency

separated channels from the <u>conducting</u> transmission medium and recover the N parallel

bits of data.

Claim 47 (Original): The chip of Claim 46, wherein the first set of K frequency separated

channels have substantially identical carrier frequencies with the second set of K frequency

separated channels.

Claim 48 (Currently amended): The chip of Claim 46, wherein the transmitter comprises:

a bit allocation circuit that receives the N parallel bits of data and creates K subsets of

data bits; and

K modulators, wherein each of the K modulators encodes one of the K subsets of the N

parallel bits of data and creates an output signal modulated at a carrier frequency associated with

one of the first set of K frequency separated channels; and

an adder that receives the output signal from each of the K modulators and generates a

transmit sum signal for transmission on ~~the~~ <u>a conducting</u> transmission medium

Claim 49 (Original): The chip of Claim 48, wherein at least one of the K modulators includes

a data encoder that receives the one of the K subsets of the N parallel bits of data

associated with the at least one of the K modulators and outputs an encoded signal;

a symbol mapper coupled to receive the encoded signal and output a symbol; and

an up-converter coupled to receive symbols from the symbol mapper and generate the

output signal,

wherein the up-converter outputs data at the carrier frequency of one of the K frequency

separate channels that corresponds with the at least one of the K modulators.

Claim 50 (Original): The chip of Claim 49, wherein the encoder is a trellis encoder and the

symbol mapper is a QAM symbol mapper.

Claim 51 (Currently amended): The chip of Claim 46, wherein the receiver comprises:

K demodulators, each of the K demodulators coupled to receive a signal from the

conducting transmission medium, the signal being the transmit sum signal transmitted through

the conducting transmission medium, and retrieving one of the K subsets of data bits; and

a bit parsing circuit that receives each of the K subsets of data bits from the K

demodulators and reconstructs the N data bits transmitted by the transmitter.

Claim 52 (Original): The chip of Claim 51, wherein at least one of the K demodulators

comprises:

a down-conversion circuit that receives the signal from the transmission medium and

generates a symbol by converting the signal at the carrier frequency appropriate for the one of

the K demodulators;

an equalizer circuit coupled to receive the symbol from the down-conversion circuit and

create an equalized symbol; and

a decoder which receives the equalized symbol and retrieves the one of the K subsets of bits associated with the at least one of the K demodulators.